Please <u>glue all your Chinese worksheets</u> in your Chinese book so you can show me your lovely work when we are back at school.

Let's start the activities this week? Try to finish this <u>by Thursday</u>.

Write the short date for today _____. Then write the Chinese date with the weather.

jī n 今	tiān 天	s h ì 是			nián 年	yuè 月
			r ì 日	xīng 星	q ī 期	。

天	气	:				

L.I.: Transport – modes jiāotōng gōngjù **交 通 工 具**

S.C.: - I can explain how the expression 交通 is formed.

   - I can say and write 汽车 and 火车.

Last week we learned how the Chinese expression for transport is made up of jiāo 交 which means crossing over and tōng 通 which means through. This is the most common way of using single characters to make up new expressions. Let's learn two modes of transport with their names made up of 车 and one other Chinese character.

Scan this [QR code] or click or go to you Tube and type '148 Transportation - Mandarin Chinese' in the [🔍] bar. Listen again and pay special attention to the 4 types of transport with 车 in it. They are qìchē 汽车 (motor car), gōngjiāochē 公 交 车 (bus), zìxíngchē 自 行 车 (bicycle) and huǒchē 火 车 (train).

Let's try to learn 汽车 and 火车 today.

Do you agree that 汽 looks very similar to 气 in 天气? It is pronounced in exactly the same way. The 3 dots 氵on the left means liquid so 汽 means petrol for the car engine to run on.

Combining 汽 and 车 means the motor car that runs on petrol.

You should be able to say 汽车 and understand how the name is formed. Write it.

汽　` 丶 氵 氵 汽 汽 汽

q ì 汽								

What is the motor car in Chinese?
Say it and write it.

Next, we look at the train 火车. 火 means fire. Picture it as a person 人 holding 2 fire torches upwards 火. In the old days, train engines ran on burning coal so there was fire and a lot of smoke. 火车 is the 'car' that makes a lot of smoke.

Now you can say 火车 and understand how the name is formed. Write it.

火　丶 丷 少 火

h u ǒ 火								

What is the train in Chinese?
Say it and write it.

Thank you for your effort.