Community Language – Chinese 2021 Learning from Home

Year 6

Term 3 Week 8

Name:

Please glue all your Chinese worksheets in your Chinese book so you can show me your lovely work when we are back at school. You can also do it in Google Classroom and submit it online.

Let's start this week's activities. Try to finish this by Thursday. Start with writing the date.

今	天	是				年		月
			日	星	期	•		
天	气	•					1	

Can you access the audio file through the QR code? What about the book on Nu Wa 女娲? Now check the answers to The Great Teacher Confucius.

hépíng 和平 peace guìzú 贵族 noble xuุānyá<u>ng</u> wěidà zhànluàn 伟大 great 战 刮, war 宣 扬 promote

xīwàng 希望 tīngcóng

治理 hope 听 从 listen and follow to govern/rule

shēnghuó xí<u>n</u>gwéi 生活 livelihood 行为 behaviour yaniun jiàoyù 言论 <mark>views and opinions</mark> 教育 shēnghuó educate

- wèishénme qùle 1. 为什么孔子去了很多国家? 他去宣扬他的和平思想。
- jiào shénme míngzì lúnyǔ 2. 孔子 死后,他的 学生 把 他的 言论 编成的 书 叫 什 么 名 字? <mark>论语</mark>

I hope you were able to access the book Nu Wa 女娲 so you can answer the question.

nůwā zàorén What did Nu Wa create? Nu Wa created people. 女娲 造人。

- L.I.: History of China 中国 历史 the dynasties 朝
- S.C.: I can explain what a dynasty is.
 - I understand the significant events in the major dynasties.

What is a dynasty? Name one in Chinese history. You can write your answer in English.

Let's start reading about Chinese history.

China until 1911: important events and people

(1) Xia Dynasty 夏朝: 2000-1600 BC

- 1. People lived in more complex societies in northern part of China. They used metal tools and cāngjié zàozì developed a written script that became the base for Chinese writing 仓 颉 造字.
- 2. The first Xia emperor 萬 was a great engineer and was said to have built the country's first canals dàyǔ zhìshuǐ 大禹 治 水 .

(2) Shang Dynasty 商朝: 1600-1100BC

- 1. The first Chinese dynasty that started formal historical records.
- qīngtóngshídài 2. Chinese mastered in using bronze 青 铜时代.
- yǐwù huànwù 3. Start trading using barter system 以物 换物.

(**3) Zhou Dynasty** 周朝: 1100 - 256BC

- fēṇgjiàn zhìdù 1. Started feudal system 封建制度. The king made his royal family members the rulers of the major states (feudal lords). The eldest son would be the normal heir to his father's assets.
- znougong 2. A set of systematic social rules and laws was set up by 周 公

chūngiū zhànguó dōngzhōu (4) Warring State Period 春秋战国(东周): 770-221BC

- 1. These last 450 years of Zhou dynasty was a period of feudal lords fighting for land and power. China was divided into many small feudal territories ruled by powerful feudal lords with large armies.
- chūngiūshígī 2. 770-476BC 春秋时期 This period is named after the book 春秋 written by Confucius 孔子. 春秋 is a collection of the historical records from770 to 478BC. 春秋 五霸
- zhànguóshígī gīxióng 3. 475-221BC 战国时期 This period is named after the book战国策。战国七雄
- 4. The unstable war time fostered many great philosophers, politicians, educators and thinkers. Their thoughts and values had a great impact on the Chinese society and led to the emergence of new dàojiào kǒngjiào ideas/religions, eg. Taoism 道教 and Confucianism 孔教. Great discoveries were also made in the fields of mathematics, medicine, and astronomy.
- 5. The great thinker, Confucius started the first school in Chinese history and was respected by many as wànshìshībiǎo 万世师表. He taught more than 3000 students in his life and among them, 72 became famous and important to their countries.

Try to answer this question.	
What is the next dynasty?	The ruler was the first Chinese sovereigr
to proclaim himself "Emperor" and he started b	ouilding the Great Wall of China.

Thank you for your effort.

